	The GOODELL LABORATORY	
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Title	100 Cell Equivalents Real-Time PCR	
Introduction	This protocol describes 100 cell equivalents Real-time PCR.	
Materials	 10 mM dNTP 500ug/mL Random primer mix dH₂O 5X 1st strand buffer Rnase inhibitor NP40 2X Taqman Master Mix 18s Taqman probe Taqman probes for your gene of interest (GOI))
Protocol		Notes
1.	 Prepare the stock random primer mix: 40 uL 10mM dNTP 20 uL 500ug/mL Random primer mix 20 uL dH₂O Dilute 1:24 to make stock random primer mix 	
2.	Prepare lysis solution: 1. 167.2 uL dH ₂ O 2. 44 uL 5X 1st strand buffer 3. 4.4 uL of Rnase inhibitor 4. 1.1 uL NP40 5. 3.3 uL of stock random primer mix Pippet 50 uL of Lysis solution into each 4 wells of a 96 well plate	Makes enough solution for 4 wells of 50 uL
4	Sort 1250 cells into each well, cover with optical cover sheet and bring back to lab	Enough for 5 sets of 2 replicates. Or enough to compare expression of 2 genes between two groups

5	After sort, pippette 1.5 uL of Superscript II into each well. Then do a quick spin of the plate to collect all liquid at the bottom of the well.	
6	Run plate on a PCR machine using a standard RT- PCR protocol.	
7	 While RT-PCR is running prepare following master mix (does 20 wells) in 1.5mL tubes: 1. 110 uL 2X taqman master mix 2. 11 uL 18s taqman probe 3. 11 uL GOI probe 4. 70.4 uL dH₂O 	Makes enough 4 four wells which translates to 2 replicates of a single gene in 2 groups. If your situation doesn't fit scale it up.
8	Split master mix in half (101.2 uL) to make the final mix using 1.5mL tubes	
9	After RT-PCR is finished, take 8.8 uL from your cDNA and add to the final mix. Mix by pippette, then spin down.	8.8 uL is equivalent to 220 cells.
10	Pippette 50 uL from final mix into each well.	
11	Run plate on ABI real-time system using standard real-time pcr protocol	